

## General Assembly

## Raised Bill No. 5525

February Session, 2010

LCO No. 2407

\*02407\_\_\_\_JUD\*

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

## AN ACT CONCERNING PARDONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 54-130e of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 3 (a) For the purposes of this section and sections 31-51i and 54-130a:
- 4 (1) "Barrier" means a denial of employment or a license based on an
- 5 eligible offender's conviction of a crime without due consideration of
- 6 whether the nature of the crime bears a direct relationship to such
- 7 employment or license;
- 8 (2) "Eligible offender" means a person who has been convicted of a
- 9 crime or crimes in this state or another jurisdiction and who is a
- 10 resident of this state and is applying for a provisional pardon or is
- 11 under the jurisdiction of the Board of Pardons and Paroles;
- 12 (3) "Employment" means any remunerative work, occupation or
- 13 vocation or any form of vocational training, but does not include
- 14 employment with a law enforcement agency;

- 18 (5) "License" means any license, permit, certificate or registration 19 that is required to be issued by the state or any of its agencies to 20 pursue, practice or engage in an occupation, trade, vocation, profession 21 or business; and
- (6) "Provisional pardon" means a form of relief from barriers or forfeitures to employment or the issuance of licenses granted to an eligible offender by the Board of Pardons and Paroles pursuant to subsections (b) to (i), inclusive, of this section.
  - (b) The Board of Pardons and Paroles may issue a provisional pardon to relieve an eligible offender of barriers or forfeitures by reason of such person's conviction of the crime or crimes specified in such provisional pardon. Such provisional pardon may be limited to one or more enumerated barriers or forfeitures or may relieve the eligible offender of all barriers and forfeitures. No provisional pardon shall apply or be construed to apply to the right of such person to retain or be eligible for public office.
  - (c) The Board of Pardons and Paroles may, in its discretion, issue a provisional pardon to an eligible offender upon verified application of such person. The board may issue a provisional pardon at any time after the sentencing of an eligible offender.
- 38 (d) The board shall not issue a provisional pardon unless the board 39 is satisfied that:
- 40 (1) The person to whom the provisional pardon is to be issued is an eligible offender;
- 42 (2) The relief to be granted by the provisional pardon may promote 43 the public policy of rehabilitation of ex-offenders through 44 employment; and

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- (3) The relief to be granted by the provisional pardon is consistent with the public interest in public safety and the protection of property.
  - (e) In accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, the board may limit the applicability of the provisional pardon to specified types of employment or licenses for which the eligible offender is otherwise qualified.
  - (f) The board may, for the purpose of determining whether such provisional pardon should be issued, request its staff to conduct an investigation of the applicant and submit to the board a report of the investigation. Any written report submitted to the board pursuant to this subsection shall be confidential and not disclosed except where required or permitted by any provision of the general statutes or upon specific authorization of the board.
  - (g) If a provisional pardon is issued by the board while an eligible offender is on probation or parole, the provisional pardon shall be deemed to be temporary until the person completes such person's period of probation or parole. During the period that such provisional pardon is temporary, the board may revoke such provisional pardon for violation of the conditions of such person's probation or parole.
  - (h) The board may at any time issue a new provisional pardon to enlarge the relief previously granted, and the provisions of subsections (b) to (f), inclusive, of this section shall apply to the issuance of any new provisional pardon.
- (i) The application for a provisional pardon, the report of an investigation conducted pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, the provisional pardon and the revocation of a provisional pardon shall be in such form and contain such information as the Board of Pardons and Paroles shall prescribe.
- (j) A provisional pardon issued by the board to an eligible offender
  pursuant to this section shall become an absolute pardon by operation

- 75 of law three years after such issuance, if such provisional pardon was
- 76 issued with respect to a conviction of a misdemeanor, and five years
- 77 after such issuance, if such provisional pardon was issued with respect
- 78 to a conviction of a felony, provided such eligible offender has not
- 79 <u>been convicted of any crime during such time period.</u>
- Sec. 2. Subsection (e) of section 54-130a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
- 82 *October* 1, 2010):

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(e) Whenever the board grants a provisional pardon to any person, the board shall cause notification of such pardon to be made in writing to the clerk of the court in which such person was convicted <u>and the clerk shall cause the sealing of the records of such conviction</u>. The granting of a provisional pardon does not entitle such person to erasure of the record of the conviction of the offense or relieve such person from disclosing the existence of such conviction as may be required.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	October 1, 2010	54-130e	
Sec. 2	October 1, 2010	54-130a(e)	

## Statement of Purpose:

To provide that a provisional pardon becomes an absolute pardon after a specified time period if the person is not convicted of another crime during that time period.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]